

CamingoDos SemiCondensed Pro

ExtraLight ExtraLight Italic

Light Light Italic

Regular Regular Italic

SemiBold SemiBold Italic

Bold Bold Italic

ExtraBold ExtraBold Italic

Black Italic

MOTOR CITY BEAT SUPREME Trombone And we still got the sound humbucker Stylistically different BILLBOARD Boogaloo rhythm set

ExtraLight &
ExtraLight Italic
32pt

Reading is the complex cognitive process of decoding symbols to derive meaning. Sometimes text

ExtraLight &
ExtraLight Italic
24pt

As a leisure activity, children and adults read because it is pleasant and interesting. Children become better readers when they know more about the world in general, and when they perceive reading as fun rather than another

ExtraLight &
ExtraLight Italic
18pt

Reading is typically an individual activity, though on occasion a person reads out loud for other listeners. In the context of school or work, reading is a means of learning necessary information. Reading to young children is a recommended way to instill language and expression, and to promote comprehension of text. Sometimes text or images are in relief, with or without using a color contrast. Words or images can be

ExtraLight &
ExtraLight Italic
14pt

Major predictors of an individual's ability to read both alphabetic and non-alphabetic scripts are oral language skills, phonological awareness, rapid automatized naming and verbal IQ. As a leisure activity, children and adults read because it is pleasant and interesting. Children become better readers when they know more about the world in general, and when they perceive reading as fun rather than another chore to be performed. In the academic field, some view literacy in a more philosophical manner and propose the concept of "multiliteracies". In order to understand a text, it is usually necessary to understand the spoken language associated with that text. In this way, writing systems are

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printed in relief on the plastic housing of a home appliance, or myriad other examples. Reading is the process of taking in the sense or meaning of letters, symbols, etc., especially by sight or touch. Other types of reading and writing, such as pictograms, are not based on speech-based writing systems. The common link is the interpretation of symbols to extract the meaning from the visual notations or tactile signals. Reading is typically an individual activity, done silently, although on occasion

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with that text. In this way, writing systems are distinguished from many other symbolic communication systems. Once established, writing systems on the whole change more slowly than their spoken counterparts, and often preserve features and expressions which are no longer current in the spoken language. The great benefit of writing systems is their ability to maintain a persistent record of information expressed in a language, which can be retrieved independently of the initial act of formulation. Reading for pleasure has been linked to increased cognitive progress in vocabulary and mathematics during adolescence. Sustained high volume

lifetime reading has been associated with high levels of academic attainment. Reading has also been shown to improve stress management, memory, focus, writing skills, and imagination. The cognitive benefits of reading continue into mid-life and the senior years. Reading books and writing are among brain-stimulating activities shown to slow down cognitive decline in seniors. Learning to read or reading skills acquisition is the acquisition and practice of the skills necessary to understand the meaning behind printed words. For a skilled reader, the act of reading feels simple, effortless, and automatic. However, the process of learning to read is

Regular & Regular Italic 32pt

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Light, SemiBold & Italics 12pt La lecture peut être définie comme une activité psychosensorielle qui vise à donner un sens à des signes graphiques recueillis par la vision et qui implique à la fois des traitements perceptifs et cognitifs. L'efficacité de la lecture dépend de deux voies de traitement de l'information, qui coexistent et se complètent mutuellement: l'identification des signes ou mots écrits et l'accès au son de ces

Lesen im engeren Sinn bedeutet, schriftlich niedergelegte, sprachlich formulierte Gedanken aufzunehmen. Das Lesen eines Textes ist ein durch Übung und Kenntnisse des Lesers bestimmter heuristischer, kognitiver Vorgang. Im weiteren Sinn versteht man darunter die Rekonstruktion der im Text kodierten Bedeutungsinhalte und den Aufbau einer mentalen Repräsentation dieser Inhalte in einem soge-

Regular, Bold & Italics 12pt Czytanie jest procesem poznawczym, jedna z umiejętności nabywanych przez człowieka w procesie edukacji, która umożliwia odbiór informacji przekazywanych za pomocą języka pisanego. Współcześnie wciąż jedną z podstawowych form komunikowania się jest mowa pisana, dlatego czytanie jest jedną z najważniejszych umiejętności każdego człowieka. W psychologii i pedagogice spo-

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SemiBold, ExtraBold & Italics 12pt Lezen of lexicale verwerking is het opnemen en verwerken van geschreven of gedrukte woorden. Bij lezen moeten zowel individuele woorden als het zinsverband worden begrepen. Meer algemeen is lezen het kennisnemen van data op een gegevensdrager door een gegevensverwerker. Taalgebruik is gebaseerd op het vermogen geschreven of gesproken taal te begrijpen La lectura es el proceso de comprensión de algún tipo de información o ideas almacenadas en un soporte y transmitidas mediante algún tipo de código, usualmente un lenguaje, que puede ser visual o táctil. Otros tipos de lectura pueden no estar basados en el lenguaje tales como la notación o los pictogramas. También se le puede dar el significado como una de las habilidades humanas

Bold, Black & Italics 12pt Olvasáson az írott nyelv által hordozott nyelvi jelentés megalkotásának képességét értjük. Két alapja van: a nyelvi megértés és a dekódolás. Az ember mindig is a körülötte lévő jelrendszerek értelmezéséből szerezte információit, ezek egyike a nyelv volt. Erre a jelrendszerre épült másodlagos formaként az írás. Az olvasás nemcsak az írás értelmezését jelenti, hanem az összes

Læsning er en legemlig færdighed på linje med andre legemlige færdigheder som at cykle og at stå på rulleskøjter. Læsning udføres enten med øjnene eller med fingerspidserne. Selve det at læse er den karakteristiske automatiske skanning af skrift, som den læsendes øjne i reglen foretager: En ubevidst handling som udelukkende hører under menneskets fysiologi. Øjnenes læseTabular old-style figures

→ DEFAULT FIGURE STYLE

Page 0123456789 \$€¢£¥*f*

Proportional old-style figures

→ PROPORTIONAL OLDSTYLE

Page 0123456789 \$€¢£¥*f*

Tabular lining figures

→ TABULAR LINING

PAGE 0123456789 \$€¢£¥*f*

Proportional lining figures

→ PROPORTIONAL LINING

PAGE 0123456789 \$€¢£¥*f*

Tabular small caps figures

→ ALL SMALL CAPS

PAGE 0123456789 \$€¢£¥f

Proportional small caps figures

→ ALL SMALL CAPS +

PAGE 0123456789 \$€¢£¥*f*

→ PROPORTIONAL LINING

Subscript/Superscript

→ SUBSCRIPT

→ SUPERSCRIPT

 H_2O E=mc² 5x⁴+2x

CamingoDos SemiCondensed Pro

Ordinals

→ ORDINALS

"AB" (CD) iEF! "AB" (CD) ¡EF! \rightarrow Case sensitive forms → ALL CAPS H@I »JK« {LM} H@I »JK« {LM} \rightarrow 0123456789 0123456789 \rightarrow Small caps Headline **HEADLINE** \rightarrow → SMALL CAPS Headline All small caps **HEADLINE** → ALL SMALL CAPS "ab" (cd) ¡ef! "AB" (CD) iEF! \rightarrow g/h i@j G/H I@J \rightarrow fi fb fh fj fl ft fifb fh fj fl ft Standard ligatures \rightarrow → LIGATURES ffl ffi 們們 टी टी ट्री डी ड्री Discretionary ligatures ch ct çt st şt \rightarrow → DISCRETIONARY LIGATURES Fractions 1/2 3/4 7/8 1/2 3/4 7/8 \rightarrow → FRACTIONS

CamingoDos SemiCondensed Pro 12

1ª 7º Nº

1a 2o No

Arrows → STYLISTIC SET 1	01234 56789	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	$\leftrightarrow \lor \lor \lor \lor \lor \leftarrow$ $\updownarrow \to \land \land \land$
Alternate "a" → STYLISTIC SET 2	Baracke	\rightarrow	Baracke
Alternate "g" → STYLISTIC SET 3	Gagarin	\rightarrow	Gagarin
Alternate "y" → STYLISTIC SET 4	Yesterday	\rightarrow	Yesterday
Alternate "ij" → STYLISTIC SET 5	Drukkerij	\rightarrow	Drukkerij
Round dots and commas → STYLISTIC SET 6	¡Ėÿ, Ģäģ!	\rightarrow	¡Ėÿ, Ģäģ!

CamingoDos SemiCondensed Pro 13

Roman 896 glyphs

Italic 873 glyphs $\uparrow \leftarrow \rightarrow \leftrightarrow \nearrow \searrow \lor \land \uparrow \downarrow \uparrow \leftarrow \rightarrow \leftrightarrow \nearrow \searrow \lor \land fift$

Afrikaans
Albanian
Asu
Basque
Bemba
Bena
Bosnian
Breton
Catalan
Cebuano
Chiga
Colognian

Colognian
Cornish
Corsican
Croatian
Czech
Danish
Embu
English
Esperanto
Estonian
Faroese
Filipino

Finnish
French
Friulian
Galician
Ganda
German
Gusii

Hungarian Icelandic Ido Inari Sami

Indonesian Interlingua Irish Italian Javanese Jju

Kabuverdianu
Kalaallisut
Kalenjin
Kamba
Kikuyu
Kinyarwanda
Kurdish
Lakota
Latvian
Lithuanian

Low German
Lower Sorbian
Luo
Luxembourgish
Luyia
Machame

Makhuwa-Meetto Makonde

garian Malagasy
ndic Malay
Maltese
Sami Manx
nesian Maori
ingua Meru
Mohawk
n Morisyen

Javanese North Ndebele

Jju Northern Sami

Jola-Fonyi Northern Sotho

Kabuverdianu Norwegian Bokmål

Kalaallisut Norwegian Nynorsk

Kalenjin Nyanja

Nyankole Occitan Oromo Polish Portuguese Quechua Romanian Romansh

Rombo

Rundi

Rwa
Samburu
Sango
Sangu
Sardinian
Scottish Gaelic

Sena Shambala Shona Slovak Slovenian Soga Somali

South Ndebele Southern Sotho Spanish Swahili Swati

Swedish Swiss German

Taita
Taroko
Teso
Tsonga
Tswana
Turkmen
Upper Sorbian

Vunjo Walloon Walser Wolof Xhosa Zulu



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